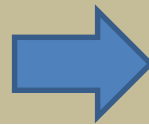


Glastir Modelling and Evaluation Programme: Modelling overview

Bridget Emmett (CEH)
and the GMEP team

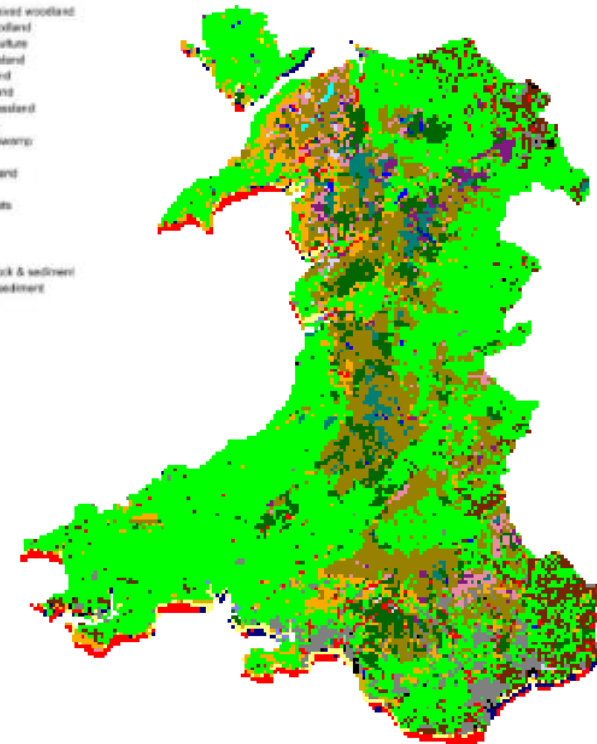


- 5 Glastir outcomes are the basis for all GMEP activities:
 - Combating climate change
 - Improving water (and soil) management
 - Maintaining and enhancing biodiversity
 - Enhancing landscape and historic features and access
 - Increasing area and improving management of woodland



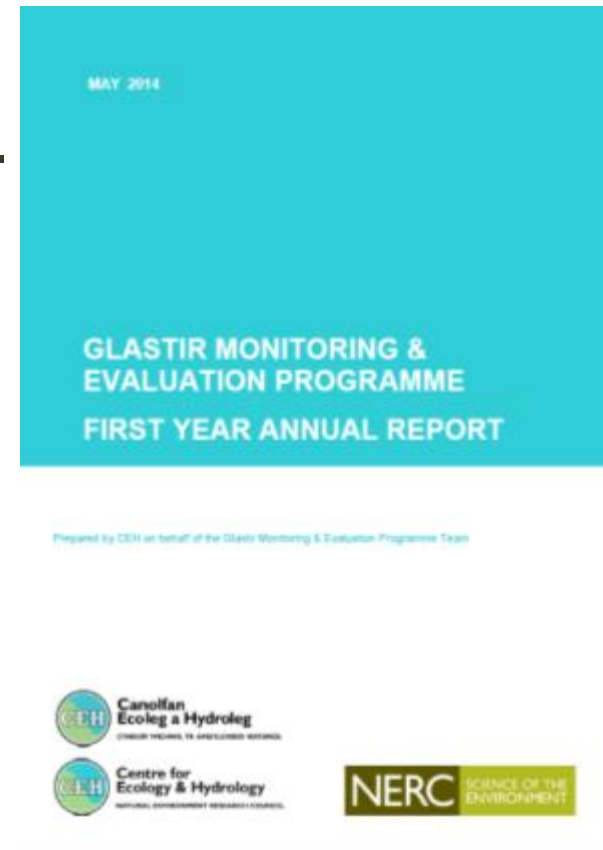
Main tasks required of GMEP

- Report on ongoing national trends (backdrop)
- Quantify impacts of Glastir interventions and provide fast feedback to WG
- Factor in past agri-environment schemes, climate change etc
- Interpret within an ecosystem services framework and identify co-benefits and trade-offs
- Provide data for other reporting requirements

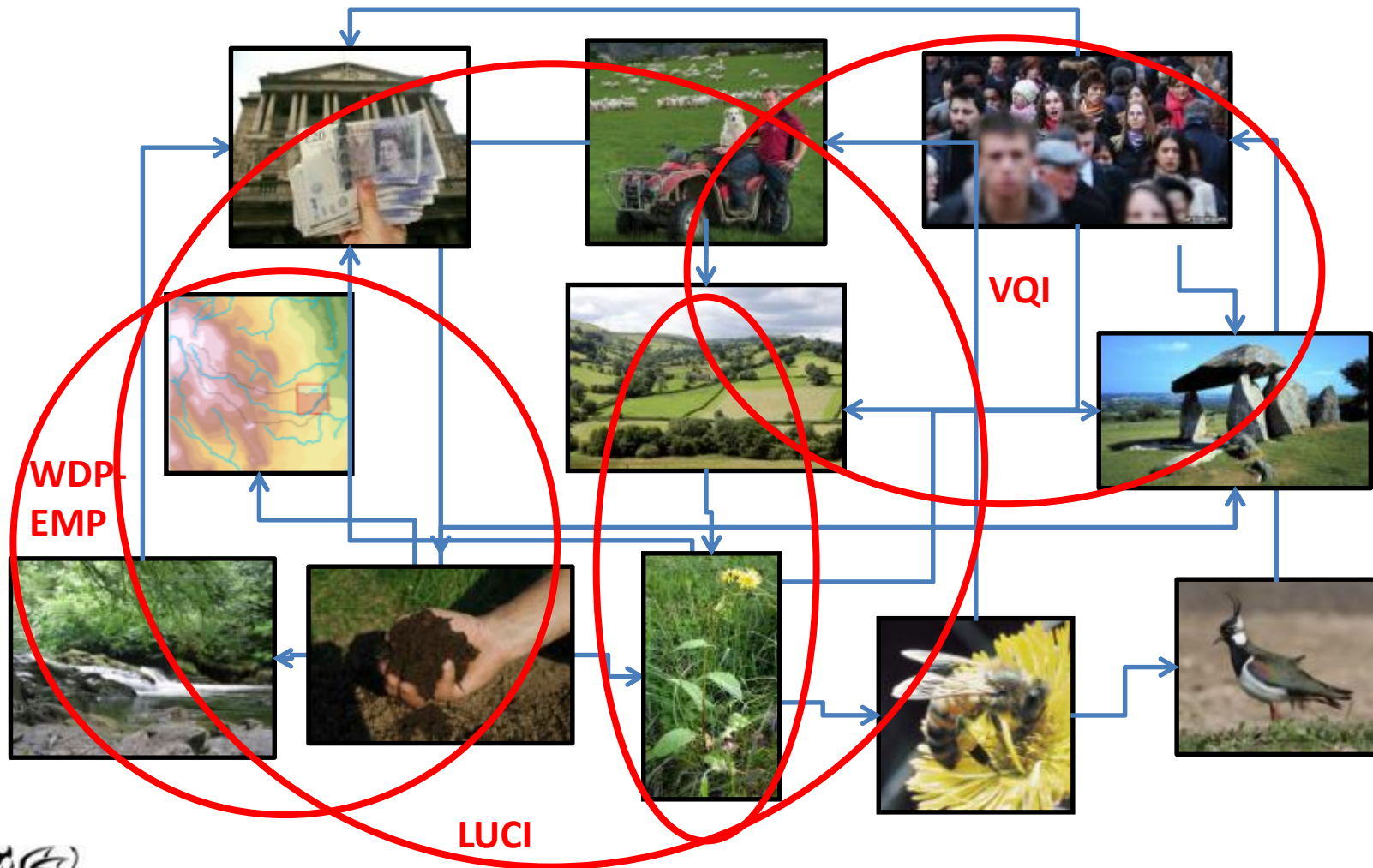


GMEP Approach

- Field survey
 - 300 1km² on a rolling 4-year cycle.
 - 50% of squares within scheme
 - Ecosystem approach
- Modelling
 - Integration and upscaling
 - Future scenarios
 - Trade-offs and co-benefits
 - Scientific hypothesis framework
- Public data portal



Ecosystem approach for field survey and modelling



1st Year Survey

Co-located measurements in 60 1km² (300 after 4 years) of:

1726 **botanical** plots

1500 **soil** samples for physical, microbial, chemical, carbon and invertebrate analysis.

4 surveys of **birds**

2 **pollinator** surveys walking 120km of transect plus timed searches within 9000m².

790 vegetation surveys of **hedgerows and stream banks**

freshwater invertebrates, diatoms, macrophytes, physical habitat, water chemistry, in **ponds and streams**

47 **historic** features assessed for their condition

2043 **landscape** features

960 **landscape** photos

To be repeated in Yrs 2-4 + socio-economic assessments

GMEP Modelling Strategy

- Models had to tell us about one of the 5 Glastir outcomes
- Appropriate for farm, catchment and national scale applications
- Data requirements practical and available
- Model was available to us (no IPR problems)

***4 models/modelling framework were selected
+ 1 commissioned.***

Mapping models to outcomes

Glastir Outcome	Target	WDP-EMF	Multi-move	LUCI	VQI-Viewshed	Carbine / C flow
Biodiversity	Plants					
	Connectivity					
	Habitat diversity					
Climate change	Ruminants and manures					
	Energy					
	Plants and soil					
Water quality	N,P					
	Sediment					
	Flow/flood					
Landscape	Visual quality					
	Visual accessibility					
Woodlands	Carbon					
	Biodiversity					
Trade-offs						



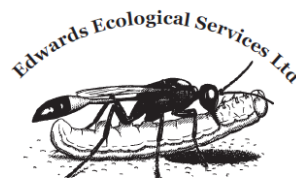
Modelling scenario Work In Yr 1

- 6 Glastir interventions covering ‘narrow and deep’ and ‘broad and shallow’ interventions:
 - *Allow Woodland Edge to Develop Out into Adjoining Field*
 - *Grazing Management of Open Country*
 - *Grazed Permanent Pasture with No Inputs*
 - *Create Streamside Corridor with Tree Planting*
 - *Mechanical Bracken Control*
 - *Retain Winter Stubbles*
- Low, medium and high uptake scenarios by farmers
- No intention of assessing actual uptake or impact of scheme to date

Results from GMEP Modelling in Yr 1

- Steven (WDP-EMF)
Site level reductions as high as 80% for diffuse pollution and GHG .
National level generally delivered 1-10 % (Steven)
- Simon (Multimove)
Positive changes in habitat suitability projected for 75% of the 21 plant species modelled. Significant progress within 10-23 years of uptake of options
- Beth (LUCI)
Woodland edge expansion and streamside corridor planting:
 - increased accessible land for broadleaf focal species by 3 to 12%,
 - reduced the potential reduction in flood generating land by 1 to 9%,
 - increased national carbon storage by ca. 0.4%,
 - reduced eroded soil and phosphorus delivery by up to 15%
- Ruth (VQI)
Development of landscape framework completed for application in Year 2

GMEP Team



Questions?

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